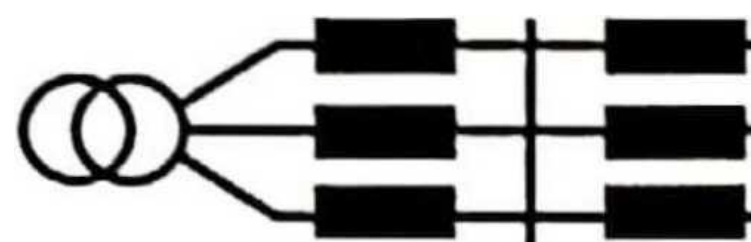


# Cable type short circuit fault indicator installation instructions

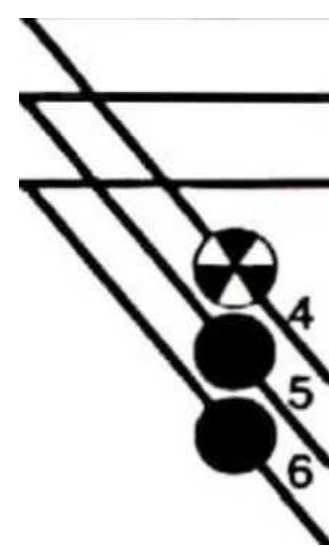
## I. Basic principles

The cable-type ground and short-circuit fault indicators can detect the cable-type single-phase short-circuit and bus ground signals, respectively, and indicate the position of the fault point. The principle varies depending on the display method or installation location.

Short circuit adopts adaptive principle, incremental current above 200A. A short circuit fault at point D is determined by line 2 # B phase 2, 5, 8 and line 3 # C phase 3, 6, and 9, and



mother town



D Connect to the fault point

phase B 11 and C and 12.

The figure shows the fault status, For normal state

The

<u>Technical</u>
<u>indicators can</u>
<u>detect fault</u>
<u>type applicable</u>
<u>voltage level</u>
<u>applicable load</u>
<u>current</u>
<u>applicable wire</u>

3#

Fault indicator

Cable-type luminous

display

6-35KV

0-500A

25-400mm<sup>2</sup>

12

Hours

-35P~65C

## II. Technical Parameters

### Three, installation

The cable system failure indicator must be installed without power failure. For the pressure spring clamping installation, just use a special tool to start the spring, separate the pressure spring, and directly install it on the three-phase line

